## **CHAPTER 13**

## JUDGMENT FOR CRIMINAL RESTITUTION PAYMENTS H.F. 9

AN ACT relating to the imposition of judgment, upon which execution will lie, against a criminal offender on probation who fails to comply with a court-ordered plan of restitution.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 910.4, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: When restitution is ordered by the sentencing court and the offender is placed on probation, restitution shall be a condition of probation. Failure of the offender to comply with the plan of restitution, plan of payment, or community service requirements when community service is ordered by the court as restitution, shall constitute a violation of probation and shall constitute contempt of court. The court may hold the offender in contempt, revoke probation, or may extend the period of probation in such circumstances, or upon notice of such noncompliance and hearing thereon, the court may enter a civil judgment against the offender for the outstanding balance of payments under the plan of restitution and such judgment shall be governed by the law relating to judgments, judgment liens, executions, and other process available to creditors for the collection of debts. However, if the period of probation is extended it shall not be for more than the maximum period of probation for the offense committed as provided in section 907.7.

Approved March 15, 1989

## CHAPTER 14

MINIMUM WAGE LAW H.F. 17

AN ACT relating to minimum wage requirements.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 91D.1 MINIMUM WAGE REQUIREMENTS — EXCEPTIONS.

- 1. a. The hourly wage stated in the federal minimum wage law, pursuant to 29 U.S.C.§ 206, shall be increased to \$3.85 on January 1 of 1990, \$4.25 on January 1 of 1991, and \$4.65 on January 1 of 1992.
- b. Every employer, as defined in the federal Fair Labor Standards Act, shall pay to each of the employer's employees, as defined in the federal Fair Labor Standards Act, wages of not less than the current federal minimum wage, pursuant to 29 U.S.C.§ 206, or the wage rate stated in paragraph "a", whichever is greater.
- c. For purposes of determining whether an employee of a restaurant, hotel, motel, inn, or cabin, who customarily and regularly receives more than thirty dollars a month in tips is receiving the minimum hourly wage rate prescribed by this section, the amount paid the employee by the employer shall be deemed to be increased on account of the tips by an amount determined by the employer, not to exceed forty percent of the applicable minimum wage. An employee may file a written appeal with the labor commissioner if the amount of tips received by the employee is less than the amount determined by the employer under this subsection.
- d. An employer is not required to pay an employee the applicable minimum wage provided in paragraph "a" until the employee has completed ninety calendar days of employment with

the employer. An employee who has completed ninety calendar days of employment with the employer prior to January 1 of 1990, 1991, or 1992, shall earn the applicable hourly minimum wage. An employer shall pay an employee who has not completed ninety calendar days of employment with the employer an hourly wage of at least \$3.35 as of January 1 of 1990, \$3.85 as of January 1 of 1991, and \$4.25 as of January 1 of 1992.

- 2. The exemptions from the minimum wage requirements stated in 29 U.S.C.§ 213 shall apply, except that the exemption in 29 U.S.C.§ 213(a)(2) shall only apply to an enterprise which is comprised of one or more retail or service establishments whose annual gross volume of sales made or business done is less than sixty percent of the amount stated in 29 U.S.C.§ 203(s)(2), exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level that are separately stated.
  - 3. The labor commissioner shall adopt rules to implement and administer this section.
  - 4. This section shall be enforced pursuant to chapter 91A.

Approved March 17, 1989

## CHAPTER 15

ANIMAL KENNEL, AUCTION, AND DEALER LICENSE FEES H.F. 292

AN ACT relating to increasing license fees for certain persons engaged in the commercial care of animals.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 162.6, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: 162.6 COMMERCIAL KENNEL OR PUBLIC AUCTION LICENSE.

A person shall not operate a commercial kennel or public auction unless the person has obtained a license to operate a commercial kennel or a public auction issued by the secretary or unless the person has obtained a certificate of registration issued by the secretary if the kennel is federally licensed. Application for the license or the certificate shall be made in the manner provided by the secretary. The license and the certificate expire one year from date of issue unless revoked. The license fee is forty dollars per year and the certification fee is five twenty dollars annually. If the person has obtained a federal license, the person need only obtain a certificate. The license may be renewed upon application and payment of the prescribed fee in the manner provided by the secretary if the licensee has conformed to all statutory and regulatory requirements. The certificate may be renewed upon application and payment of the prescribed fee in the manner provided by the secretary.

Sec. 2. Section 162.7, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: 162.7 DEALER LICENSE.

A person shall not operate as a dealer unless the person has obtained a license issued by the secretary or unless the person has obtained a certificate of registration issued by the secretary if the kennel is federally licensed. Application for the license or the certificate shall be made in the manner provided by the secretary. The license and certificate expire one year from date of issue unless revoked. The license fee is one hundred dollars per year and the certification fee is five twenty dollars per year. The license may be renewed upon application and payment of the fee in the manner provided by the secretary if the licensee has conformed to all statutory and regulatory requirements. The certificate may be renewed upon application and payment of the fee in the manner provided by the secretary.